

SERA-17 Organization to Minimize Phosphorus Losses from Agriculture
Meeting Session 2 – Phosphorus Drawdown Strategies
Tampa, FL
7 November 2013



An Industry Perspective on Phosphorus Stewardship Challenges



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Northeast Region, IPNI



Agrium Inc.



Arab Potash Company



Belarusian Potash Company



CF Industries Holdings, Inc.



Compass Minerals Specialty Fertilizers



Incitec Pivot



International Raw Materials LTD.



Intrepid Potash, Inc.



K+S KALI GmbH



The Mosaic Company



OCP S.A.



PotashCorp



Qatar Fertiliser Company (QAFCO)



Simplot



Sinofert Holdings Limited



SQM



Toros Tarim



Uralchem



Uralkali

Formed in 2007 from the Potash & Phosphate Institute, the **International Plant Nutrition Institute** is supported by leading fertilizer manufacturers.

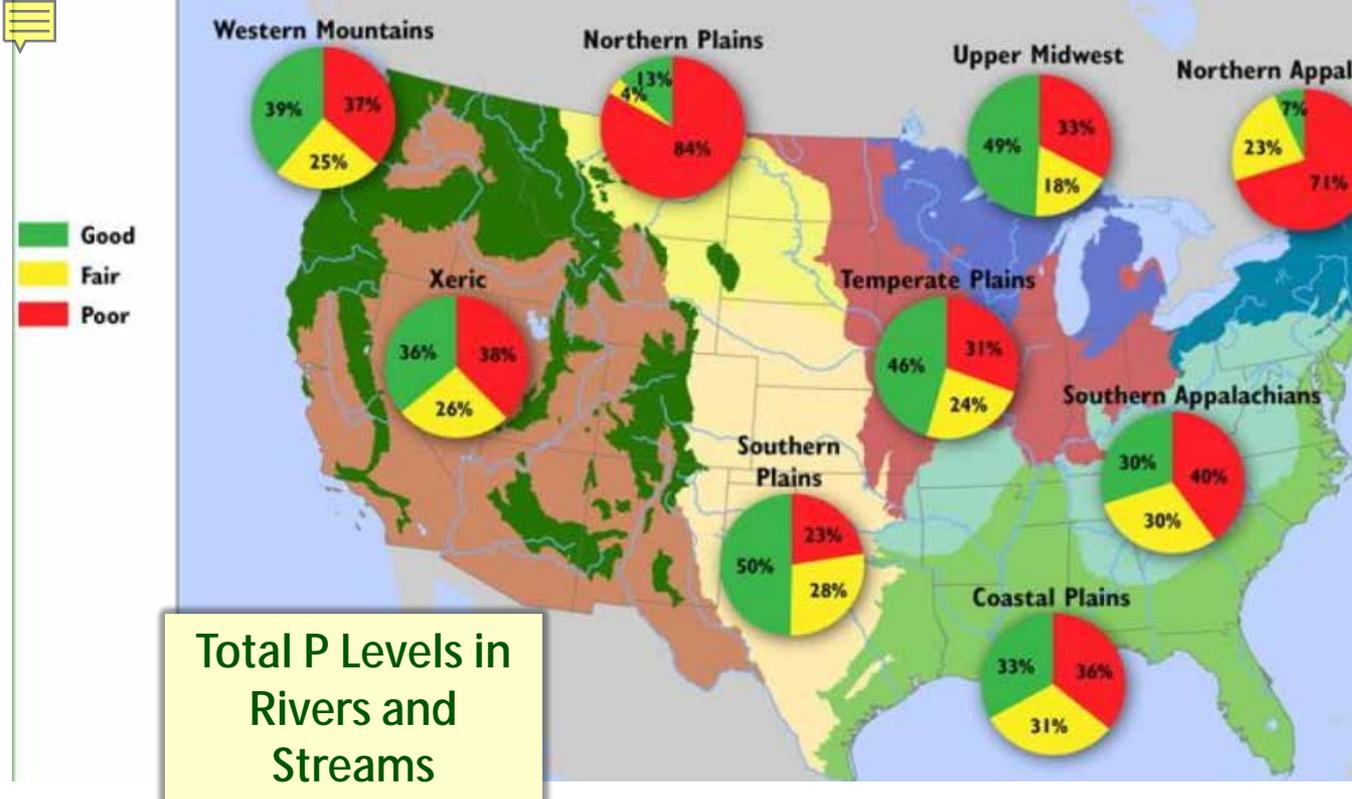
Its mission is to promote scientific information on responsible management of plant nutrition.



Outline – P Stewardship Challenges

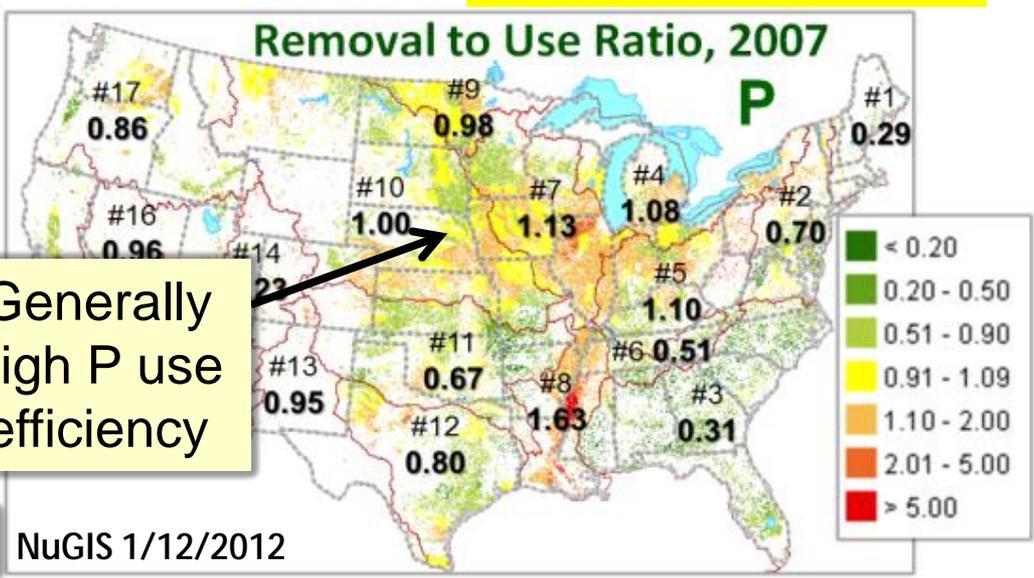
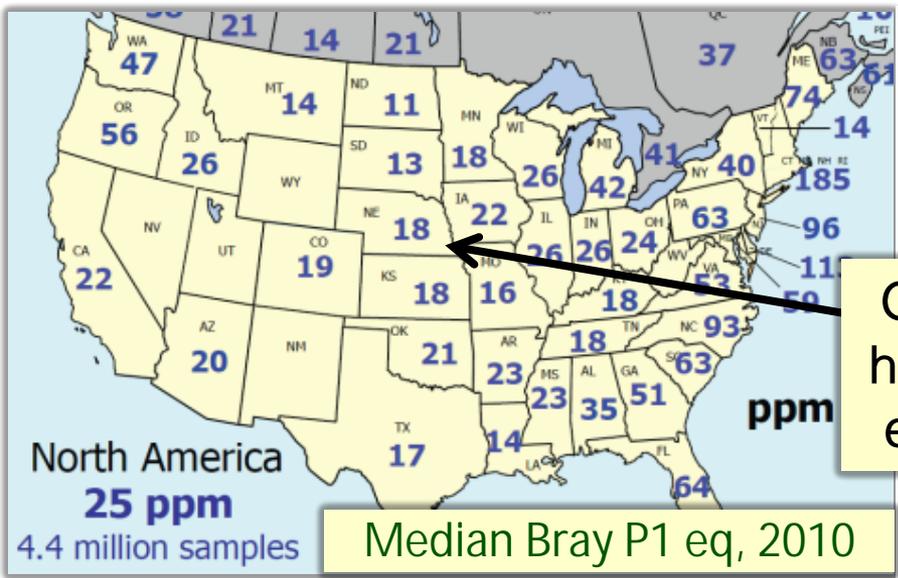
1. Areas of surplus, sufficiency and need
 2. Areas where loss leads to impact on algae
 3. Tillage, placement and timing
 4. Global reserves and resources
 5. 4R research fund
- *Slides: available at <http://nane.ipni.net>*

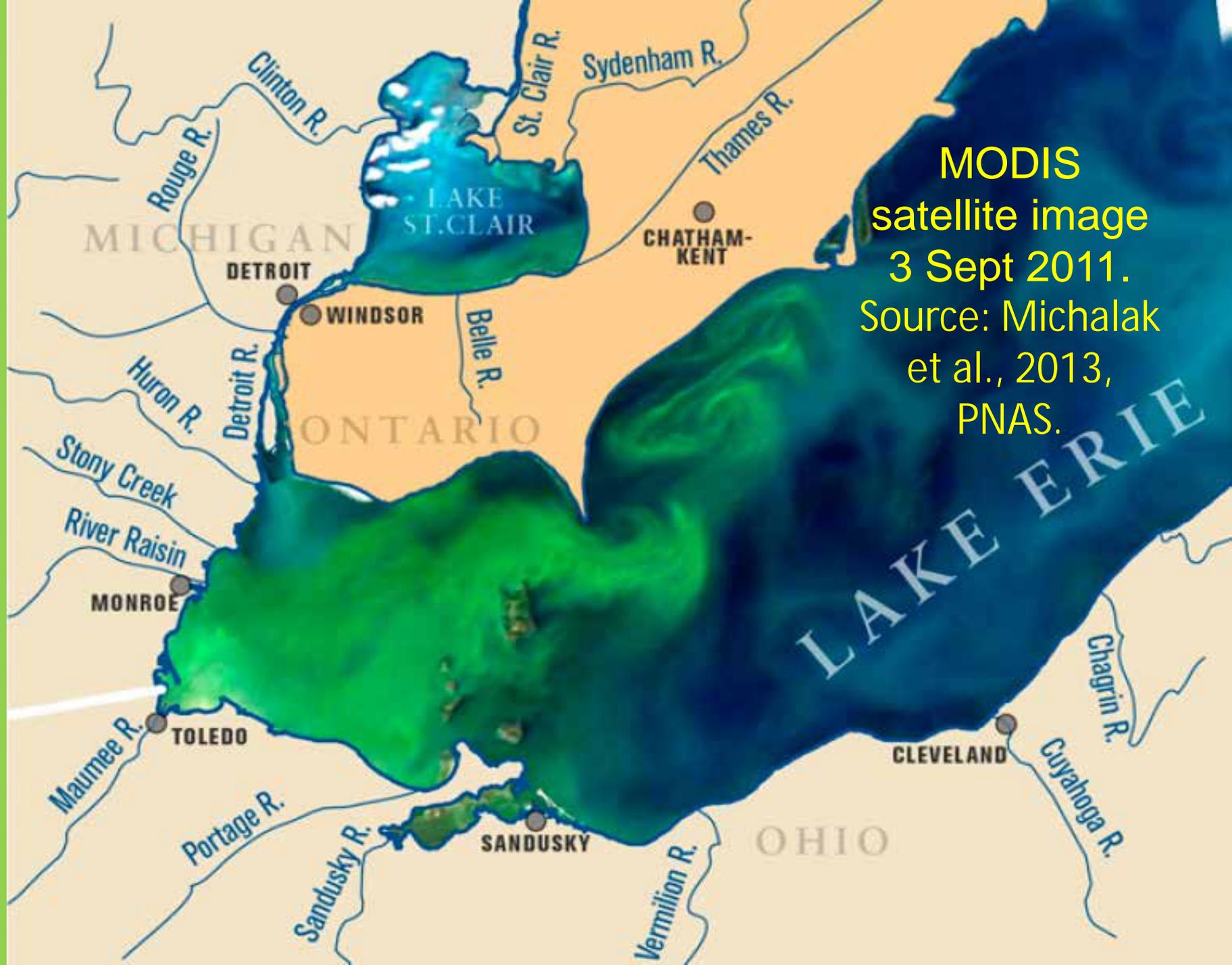




- Areas rated “poor” for WQ don’t match areas of high soil test P or low PUE.
- Considerable areas of soils test below critical levels, and removal to use ratios >1 indicate drawdown.

Total P Levels in Rivers and Streams

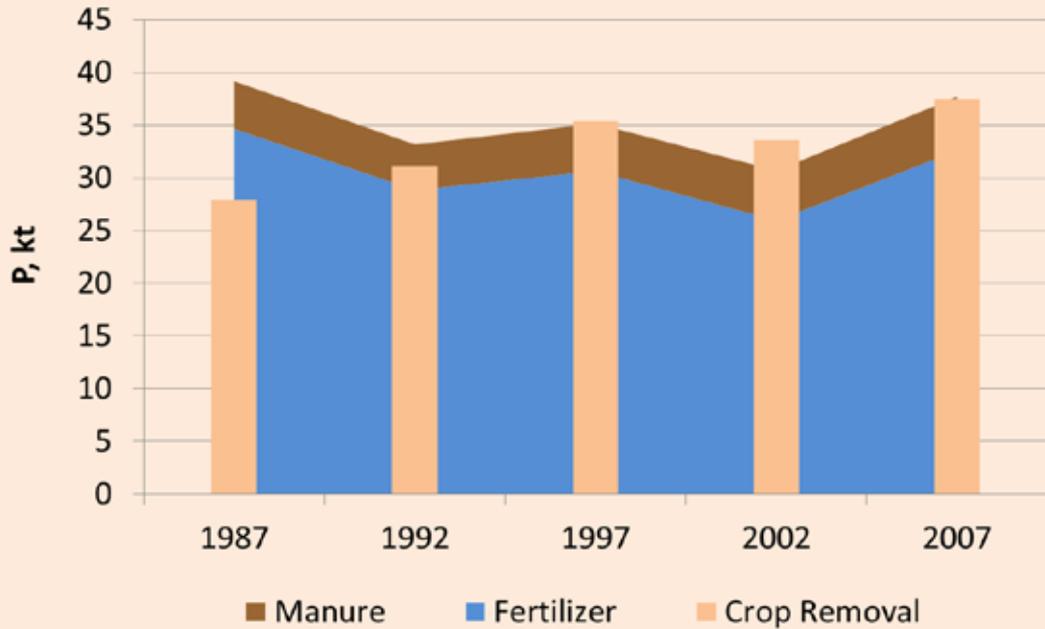




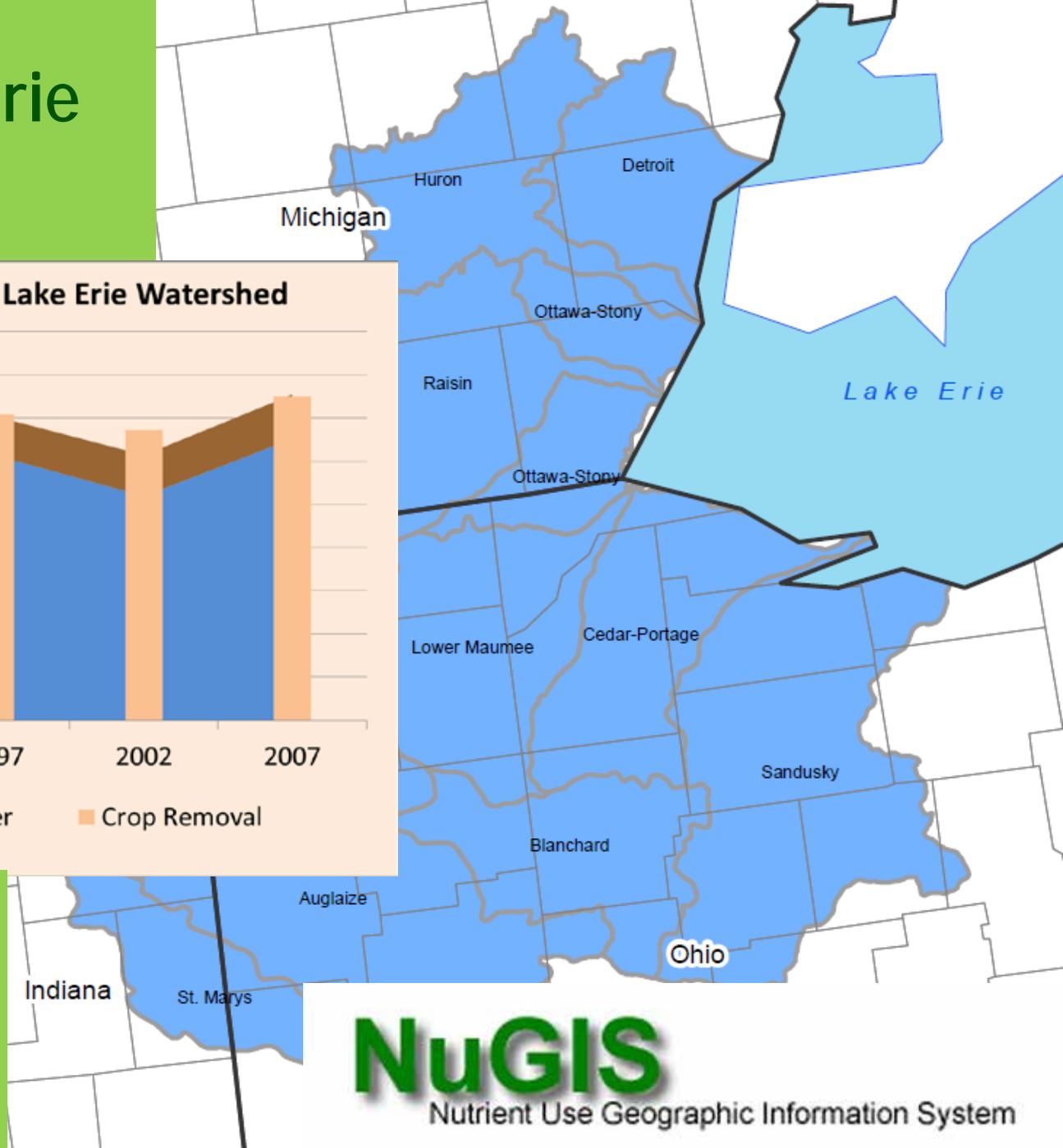
MODIS
satellite image
3 Sept 2011.
Source: Michalak
et al., 2013,
PNAS.

Western Lake Erie Watershed

Cropland P Balance, Western Lake Erie Watershed



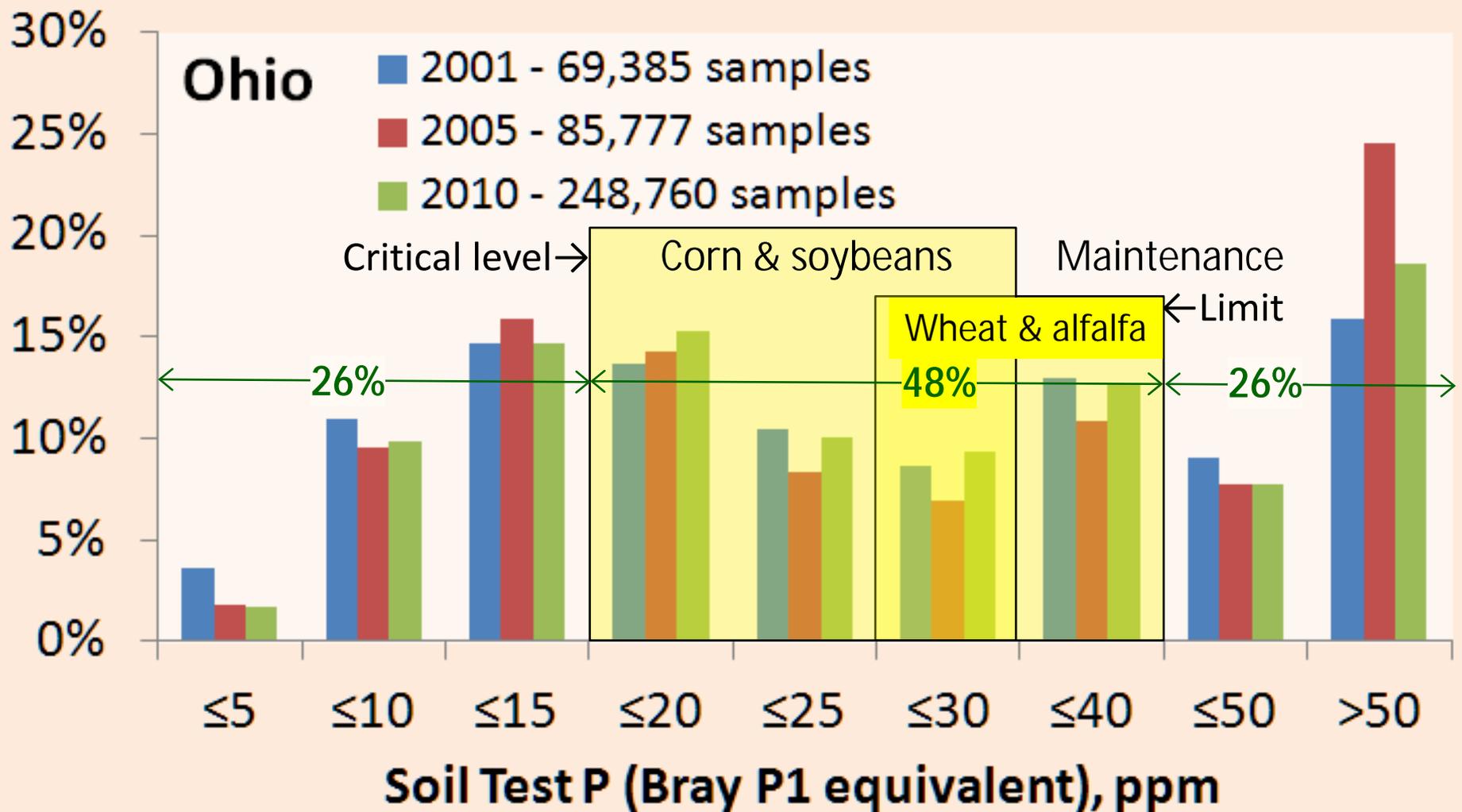
Excess rates are not the issue.



NuGIS

Nutrient Use Geographic Information System

Soil test P distribution, 2001-2010



Extreme soil test P is not the issue.

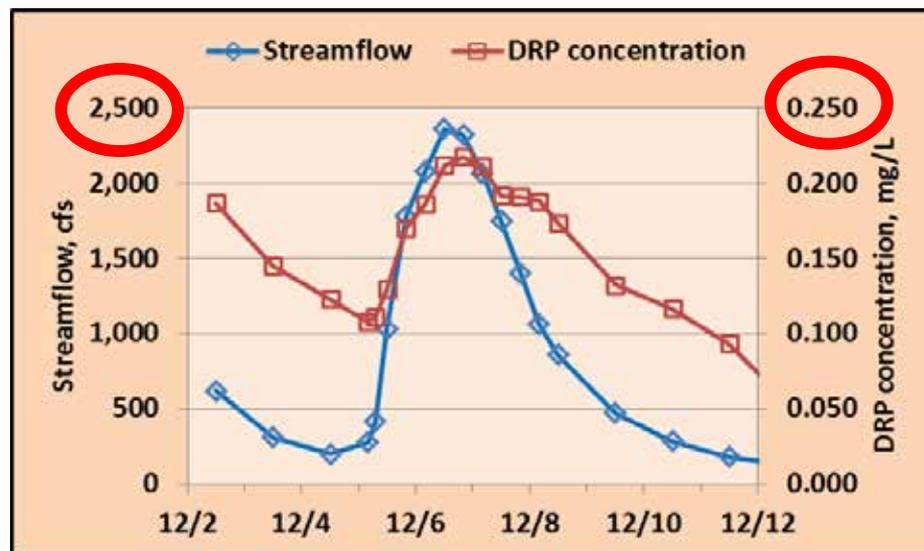
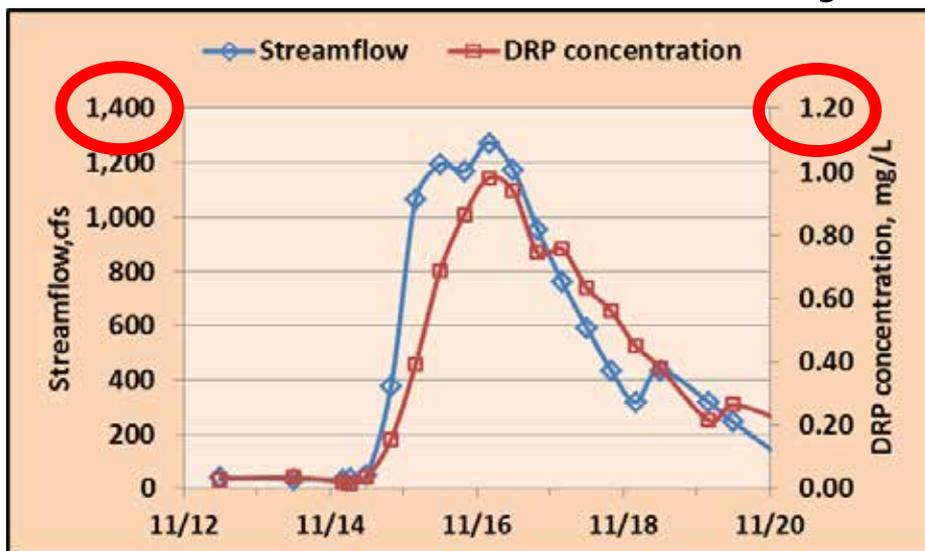


Essex County, Ontario, 30 July 2009
BMPs that limit soil erosion don't limit dissolved P runoff.

Honey Creek: comparing two runoff events in fall 2011

14 Nov., after 6d field activity

5 Dec., after 2 further rainstorms



0.64 mg/L

Mean DRP concentration

0.18 mg/L

0.35 kg P₂O₅/ha

DRP load/ha of watershed

0.18 kg P₂O₅/ha

1. Intense rainstorms following broadcast of P can generate high P concentrations in runoff but the direct agronomic or economic importance can be minimal.
2. As the time intervals increase between surface broadcast P applications and runoff-producing rainfall events, DRP concentrations spike less.



Broadcast placement issues

- Fertilizer on the soil surface (acute)
 - If first rainfall generates runoff, can raise [DRP] to 5-20 mg/L in a single event
- Stratification in soil (chronic)
 - Tillage also a factor
 - No-till leads to STP in top 5 cm 3-4 times that in top 20 cm
 - Annual chisel plowing reduces stratification by half
 - Increase runoff [DRP] from ~0.1-0.2 mg/L to perhaps ~0.4 to 0.8 mg/L
- Timing
 - Fall application: lower frequency of intense rainstorms than spring
 - Spring broadcast more likely to be incorporated before first rain
 - Recent research indicates that March-June loadings are most closely related to algal bloom extent from 2001-2011. (Stumpf et al., 2013)
- ***Some practice changes are obvious. Others require research.***



4R Nutrient Stewardship Certification Standard

Requirements for Nutrient Service Providers in the Lake Erie Watershed

1. Initial Training and Ongoing Education
 2. Monitoring of 4R Implementation
 3. Nutrient Recommendations and Application
-
- July/August: review of 4 Pilot Audits
 - Fall 2013/Winter 2014: Promotion
 - Summer of 2014: Certifications

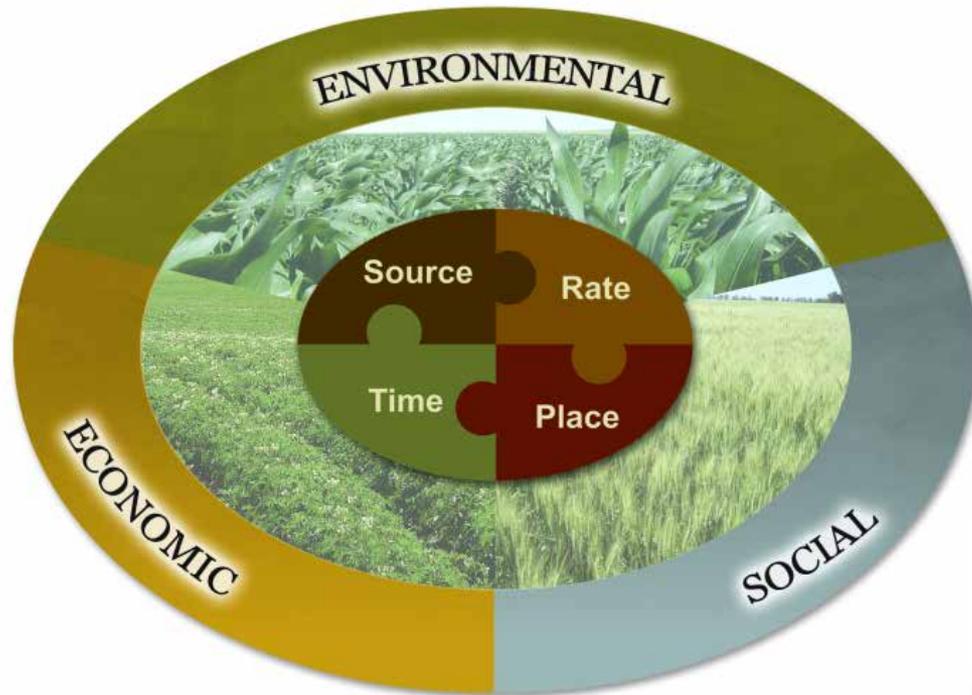


Version 2.0
September 2013

Stakeholders supporting 4R certification



4R: "right" means sustainable



Field to Market™
The Keystone Alliance for Sustainable Agriculture



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Home How To Make A Difference Fertilizer Optimization



How to Make a Difference - Fertilizer optimization



World Phosphate Rock Reserves and Resources



Country	2011-12 Production	Reserves	Reserve Life
	Mt		Years
Morocco	28	50,000	1790
South Africa	2.5	1,500	600
Jordan	6.5	1,500	230
Russia	11	1,300	115
USA	29	1,400	49
China	85	3,700	43
World Total	204	67,000	328

Source: USGS, 2013

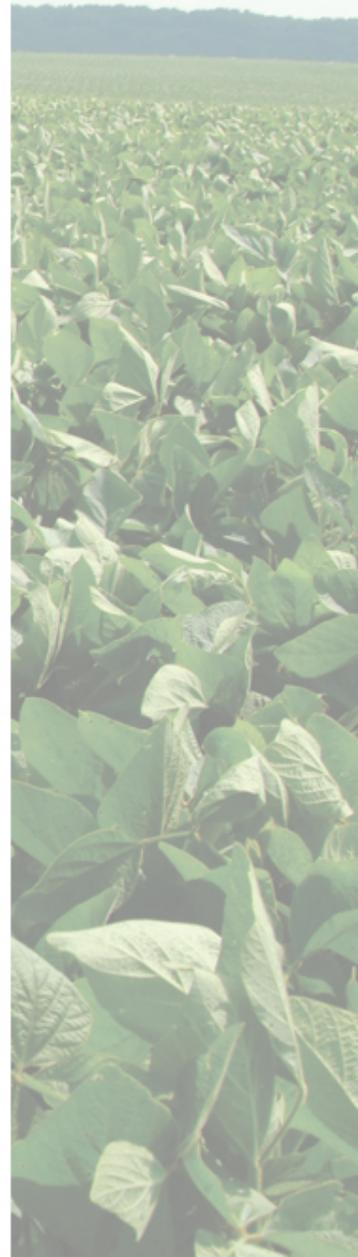
Peak Phosphorus by 2030?

Not likely. Global Partnership in Nutrient Management's "Our Nutrient World" (2013) indicates oil, gas and zinc have shorter reserve lives than P.

"No matter how much phosphate rock exists, it is a non-renewable resource"
IFDC, 2010



4R Research Fund – *environmental, social, economic impacts of 4Rs on P loss*



- **Meta-analyses:** Review and analysis projects. \$20K - \$70K with duration 6-9 months. Total of \$300,000 in 2014. **Due 15 Dec 2013.**
- **New Projects – Measurement.** Projects \$50K to \$300K/y for up to 5 y; total of \$500,000/year. **Due 31 Jan 2014.**
- Both to contribute measures of performance for 4R
- For additional information:
www.nutrientstewardship.com/funding

Summary

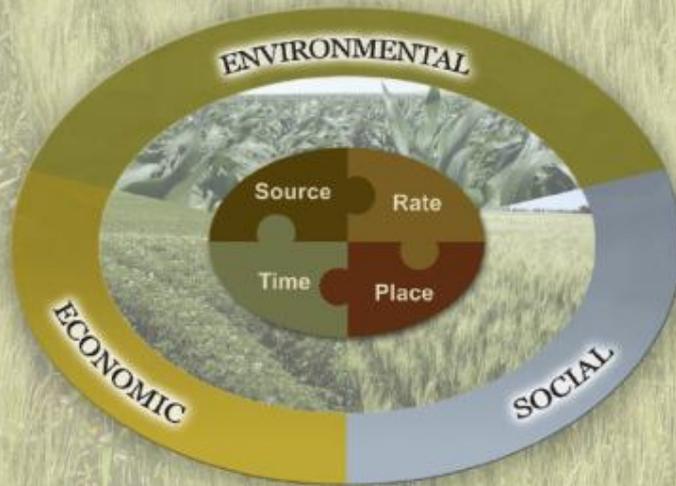
1. Amid cloisters of P surplus, large areas of North America feature low and slowly declining soil P levels.
2. Not all P loss impacts relate to extremely high soil P accumulations.
3. Placement, timing, and management of stratification may reduce risks of dissolved P loss... *but require research!*
4. Industry is engaging the 4Rs to address—and support research on—sustainability issues related to P.



4R PLANT NUTRITION

A Manual for Improving the Management of Plant Nutrition

NORTH AMERICAN VERSION



Thank You

nane.ipni.net